

Robert McDougall Art Gallery

Introduction

New Zealand has produced many painters who have specialised in portraiture within their oeuvre but few that have reached the stature of A Elizabeth Kelly.

In 1937 J.H.E. Schroder wrote of Elizabeth Kelly;

"She has raised herself steadily in achievement as a portrait painter by thinking, imagining and labouring always to achieve a picture which will be a portrait, and never doing a portrait which is secondary or imperfectly or not at all a picture."

Her activity in portraiture spanned almost four decades, but it was only within the 1920s and 30s that her identity in this genre emerged.

Within her generation Elizabeth Kelly was a leader, a highly professional woman artist who helped revitalise New Zealand portraiture. Her portraits were distinctive in form and colour and notable for their freshness and the ease with which she presented her sitters. As a traditionalist she followed the example of English portraiture which made her work readily accepted both locally and overseas, and enabled her within her generation to gain more recognition beyond this country than any other New Zealand artist.

In many respects she was fortunate to have been active at a time when there was still a strong interest in family portraiture. This declined in the period following World War II as attitudes changed, and apart from official commissions the demand was less strong. This fading of interest in portraiture is in part accountable for the fading of attention toward Elizabeth Kelly as a painter. As a dominant practitioner of what was considered to be a less important genre than the landscape, she has slowly lost recognition for her work in the years since her death.

Those who knew her have described a naturally dignified and sensitive person highly self-critical as an artist, but ever conscious of maintaining the highest standards of professionalism, someone who was also generous in her appreciation and support of younger artists.

It is now fifty years since Elizabeth Kelly died and this small exhibition has been prepared to commemorate this event and to recognise her standing as one of New Zealand's foremost artists.

Neil Roberts Curator

Annie (Elizabeth) Kelly

Annie Elizabeth Kelly was born Annie Elizabeth Abbott at Knightstown (St Albans), Christchurch on 12 April 1877, the eldest daughter of the four children of Thomas George Abbott and his wife, Maud Laura Mason.

At the time of her birth Thomas Abbott was a nursery-man who worked with his father Thomas Abbott senior at the family's Exeter Nursery in Papanui Road. Elizabeth Abbott grow up in St Albans and was educated from 1883 - 1890 at Christchurch Normal School, and during 1891 and part of 1892, at St Albans Main School. She also spent a short time in 1892 at Mr A. Bentley Worthington's private school.

At a very early age she showed a pronounced interest and ability in art and began attending Saturday morning classes at Canterbury College School of Art (CCSA) in 1891. These she continued during 1892 and 1893.

In 1893 she also enrolled in weekly morning classes commencing elementary studies leading towards Student and Art Teachers Certificates. Her tutors in drawing and painting were George Herbert Elliot, the headmaster of the school, Alfred Walsh and Edith Munnings. Later she attended classes in modelling given by Charles Kidson.

From 1894 until 1900 she attended both morning and evening classes at the school, and was awarded several free scholarships between 1897 and 1899.



A. Elizabeth Kelly

In 1900 she was awarded the Drawing from Full Figure Prize and Still Life scholarship which was tenable the following year.

Like many of her contemporaries Elizabeth Abbott was influenced by Petrus van der Velden, and even though she was never one of his pupils she did visit his studio in Durham St, occasionally. She also associated with a number of students, at the School of Art including her cousin Leonard H. Booth who did receive private tuition from him.

The Van der Velden philosophy of the power and impulse of light and nature in art was one that Elizabeth Abbott also shared. Her early portraits in particular reveal much of the Van der Velden influence.

Throughout her life as a painter she remained a naturalist. Whether painting a portrait or a landscape, it was always completed before the subject as an exact descriptive interpretation.

By 1901 she had completed the last of her studies at Canterbury College School of Art

(CCSA). She had met all the requirements and had gained a first class pass in examinations held extra-murally through the Department of Science and Art, South Kensington, London for the award of an art teacher certificate, and was invited to join the staff of CCSA as a student assistant. This position she held until 1904.

As well as achieving much success in her time as a student at the School of Art, Elizabeth Abbott was equally successful in annual student competitions held by the Canterbury Society of Arts (CSA).

Annie (Elizabeth) Kelly

Between 1899 and 1902 she was awarded two bronze and two silver medals. This early exhibition of her work became more regular after she was elected a working member of the CSA in 1903. From that year until 1946 she exhibited almost continually, and also served as a council member after 1937.

Elizabeth Abbott's association with other New Zealand art societies also began in her student years, particularly with the Otago and the New Zealand Academy of Fine Arts in Wellington. In 1898 she was awarded first prize in the Academy's catalogue cover competition.

In February 1905 she began taking pupils at her studio at 218 Hereford St for day and evening classes in landscape, figure and still life drawing and painting. As classes were offered only twice weekly the remainder of her time could be devoted to painting and some part-time teaching at CCSA.

In 1906 she had six works selected for the New Zealand International Exhibition, at which she was awarded two silver medals for modelling and a gold for drawing and painting from nature. For many years Elizabeth Abbott had had a friendship with a fellow student Cecil Fletcher Kelly (1878 - 1954) which blossomed in 1907. The following year Cecil Kelly joined the full-time teaching staff at CCSA which enabled the couple to consider marriage. They were married on 31 December 1908.

Elizabeth and Cecil Kelly had a close relationship not only as husband and wife, but also as artists. They painted together, particularly in the landscape during summer vacations around Christchurch and beyond. The first of these in 1909 was spent at Kaikoura, later they painted in Westland and from 1915 at Moana and around Lake Brunner.

There were occasional visits to the Southern Lakes of Otago over the years and to the North Island, but these were rare. Over the summer of 1910/11 they spent several weeks painting in Auckland where they had gone to visit Cecil's brother, George Kelly.

For some time after their marriage they continued to live at Elizabeth's Hereford



Winter, oil on canvas, Private collection Christchurch



D G Sullivan, oil on canvas Robert McDougall Art Gallery

St studio, but in 1912 moved to a rented property at 119 Richmond Tce, New Brighton. Although she was frequently engaged in painting the landscape at this time, Elizabeth Kelly continued to paint figurative subjects and increasingly her reputation as a portraitist grew.

In 1912 her portrait 'Diana' (Cat.3) was selected and purchased by the CSA for its permanent collection.

Three years later in 1915 her portrait of the young art student Edna Bruce titled 'Winter' (Cat.4) was chosen for the cover of a World War I Magazine for the troops.

However it was not until 1920 that she received her first major official portrait commission, when she was invited by the New Zealand Government to paint a portrait of Sergeant H.J. Nicholas, VC who had been killed in 1918. This was to be one of a series by New Zealand artists commemorating distinguished soldiers who had fallen during the First World War.

Up until that time neither Elizabeth nor Cecil Kelly had ventured beyond New Zealand, and as both were in their early 40s they felt the need to travel and 'broaden their horizons.' They therefore decided to have a year overseas.

Cecil Kelly gained leave from CCSA and on 29 December 1920 they left New Zealand on board the 'lonic' with London as their destination. On arrival they rented a studio flat in Kensington and spent many weeks visiting galleries and artists studios, attending lectures and painting.

In the summer of 1921 they travelled to Cornwall where they painted mostly around St Ives and Penzance before crossing the English Channel to Dieppe in France then on to Paris for an extended visit.

In Paris, Elizabeth Kelly spent many days studying master works at the Louvre, and Palais de Luxembourg galleries, as well as painting with her husband around the city and along the Seine. From Paris they travelled to Toulon in the South of France, then on to Italy.

At Naples the Kellys boarded the ship

Annie (Elizabeth) Kelly

'Ulimaroa' bound for New Zealand. via CapeTown, Durban, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney. The 'Ulimaroa' berthed in Wellington on 6 January 1922 and the Kellys arrived back in Christchurch two days later.

They returned to live in Sydney Thompson's studio at 97 Cambridge Tce, which they had rented for several months prior to going overseas, but by late 1922 had become settled in a first floor flat at 245 Montreal St. This was to be their home for the remainder of their lives.

The experience of visiting Britain and Europe had reinforced Elizabeth Kelly's approach to academic naturalism, and her 'interpretations' as she termed her portraits, became more lively in design and colour. However they remained carefully controlled, so that a successful likeness was not lost. Her portrait 'Arabesque' (Cat.6) painted in 1922 is at the beginning of this change.

In 1924 Elizabeth Kelly was one of several New Zealand artists selected to show at the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley, London. This was to be the first

occasion in which she had the opportunity to exhibit overseas, but was by no means the last.

During the 1920s and 1930s she completed many portraits, mostly of fashionable and elegant sitters, and often young women from the post-World War I generation of Canterbury society like Roma Carey, who sat for several portraits in the late 1920s including 'Youth' (Cat.8).

Such portraits became popular and quickly established Elizabeth Kelly's reputation for a certain type of painting that was very close to her Royal Academy contemporaries in London. By the early 1930s she was being described as 'New Zealand's foremost woman painter.' Much of this acclaim can be attributed to her success overseas at that time.

In 1931 she exhibited her first canvas at the Royal Academy exhibition in London, and from 1934 she exhibited there annually until 1940. After 1932 she began showing regularly at the Salon of the Société des Artistes Français receiving honourable mention for her portrait 'Edith Bryant,' and in 1934 a silver medal for her portrait 'Edith May' (Cat.10).

This was the first occasion that a medal had been awarded to a New Zealand artist by the Salon, making it the highest official award



Edith May. oil on canvas Dunedin Public Art Gallery

received to that date. During 1934 she also exhibited at the Royal Cambrian Academy, Wales and participated in a group exhibition at Sunderland Art Gallery. The following year she began showing with the Royal Institute of Oil Painters.

In July of 1936 the first solo exhibition of her work in England was held by invitation at the Public Art Gallery, Lincoln. This was followed in October by a much larger solo exhibition at Walker's Galleries, New Bond St. London. Included was her portrait of Miss Helen Buchanan (Cat.11), which she had shown at the 1936 Royal Academy exhibition three months earlier. The following year she was invited to exhibit in the Royal British Colonial Exhibition, Birmingham and began showing at the Royal Scottish Academy, Edinburgh.

During 1938 and 1939 Elizabeth Kelly also accepted an invitation to exhibit with the Royal West of England Academy.

Official recognition for her standing as an artist in New Zealand came in 1938 when she was awarded the CBE for services

to art, and remains still the only woman artist to achieve that high official honour. Among the New Zealand sitters for portraits made during the 1930s and 1940s were many distinguished individuals from varying professions. Included were portraits of Arthur Broadhurst, founder of St Peter's school, Cambridge, M.C. Keane, Editor of the Press 1919 - 1929, Brigadier Murray Gardner, DSO, Mr D.G. Sullivan, MP, Mayor of Christchurch 1931 - 1936 (Cat.23), and James Parks, Professor of Geology at Otago University from 1901 - 1931.

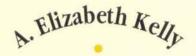
In 1940 the portrait of Professor Park was purchased for the National Portrait Gallery Edinburgh. Between 1940 and 1944, she was restricted to exhibiting in New Zealand because of war conditions, and much time during these years was given to landscape painting, frequently involving Christchurch city subjects. However the regard for her work had not flagged, and in 1945 several of her paintings were included in the 'British Art of Today' exhibition which opened in London during September of that year, then toured to several public galleries in northern England including Blackpool, Bolton and Lincoln.

Elizabeth Kelly exhibited in December 1945 at the Royal Society of Portrait Painters London, and was proposed for election as a member of that Society.

This was to be Elizabeth Kelly's last exhibition abroad, as she died in Christchurch on 4 October 1946.

Chronology

1877	Born 12 April at Knightstown (St Albans), Christchurch.	1908	31 December marries Cecil Fletcher Kelly at Christchurch Registrars Office.	1928	Rejoins the staff of CCSA in a relieving capacity. (Junior life classes).
1882	Demonstrates earliest efforts at painting.	1909	Summer spent in Kaikoura painting.	1930	September granted a Diploma in Fine
1883	Begins attending Christchurch Normal School.	1910	Over the summer of 1910/11 visits Auckland with Cecil.	1931	Arts. Begins exhibiting at the Royal Academy,
1889	Leaves Normal School during term II having reached Standard V.	1911	Elizabeth and Cecil visit the West Coast during the summer of 1911/12.	1331	London (RA) with the portrait 'Edith Bryant'. Also exhibits with Royal Society
1891	Enrolled at St Albans Main School from term I. Begins Saturday classes at Canterbury College School of Art (CCSA).	1912	The portrait 'Diana' (Cat.3) purchased by CSA for its permanent collection. The Kelly's move to live at 119 Richmond Terrace, New Brighton.	1932	of Portrait Painters. Commences showing at the Salon of the Société des Artistes Français. Receives honorable mention for her
1892	Attends Saturday morning class terms I - III. Leaves St Albans Main School in Standard VI at the end of term I to	1913	During summer 1913/14 begins the first of regular visits to Moana.	1933	portrait of 'Edith Bryant.' Exhibits portraits of 'Helen Buchanan' and 'Mrs Wilfred Sim' at the Salon,
1000	attend Mr A.Bentley Worthington's private 'Temple of Truth' school.	1914	Paints 'Winter' (Cat.4) Exhibited in 1915 at CSA annual exhibition. Used as a cover for a World War I military	1004	Paris. Portrait of Miss Ward-Smith shown at CSA annual exhibition.
1893	Commences morning and evening classes at CCSA, continues morning classes until 1901 and evening classes	1916	magazine, 1915. Summer 1916/17 spent painting at Kaikoura with Cecil.	1934	Exhibits portrait 'Edith May' (Cat, 10) at RA and Salon Paris. Awarded a silver medal by the Société des Artistes Français
1897	until 1899. Begins taking examinations towards Student Certificate and Art Teachers Certificate which included examinations set by the Science and Art Department,	1917	The Kellys purchase land at Moana on which to camp during painting visits. Has work illustrated in the Winter Number 1916/17 of 'Studio' magazing.		which is the first for a NZ woman artist. May exhibits at Royal Cambrian Society Exhibition, Wales. July/August participates in a group exhibition at Sunderland Art Gallery.
	South Kensington, London. These continued until 1900. Awarded an Evening Free Scholarship.	1920	Commissed by the New Zealand Government to paint a portrait of Sergeant H.J. Nicholas, VC. The	1935	Exhibits at Royal Institute of Oil Painters, London. The 'Portrait of a Maori Toi Toi Hinetauhara' (Cat.15) is exhibited at the Salon, Paris.
1898	Receives the award of a Morning Free Scholarship and an Evening Free Scholarship. Awarded first prize in the student competition for a catalogue cover design for the New Zealand Academy of Fine Arts.		Kellys move from New Brighton to live at Sydney Thompson's studio, 97 Cambridge Terrace. In October Elizabeth and Cecil decide to travel overseas. Cecil is granted a year's leave of absence from Canterbury	1936	In July holds first solo exhibition at City of Lincoln Public Art Gallery. In October solo exhibition at Walker's Galleries New Bond St, London. Shows Portrait 'in Blue and Silver' (Cat.18) at Salon Paris
1899	Awarded an Evening Free Scholarship, CCSA and a bronze medal by the Canterbury Society of Arts for a student		College. 29 December they depart on the 'lonic' for England via Australia.	1937	and 'Helen Buchanan' (Cat.11)' at RA . Also exhibits in New York. Elected to the Council of CSA.
1000	competition. (Modelling from the cast or from nature).	1921	Arrives in London, February. They take a studio in Kensington. Summer spent in Cornwall, then to Paris		Exhibits portrait Ngaire Stevenson-Smith at Paris Salon, in May. Is included in Royal British Colonial Exhibition,
1900	Awarded CCSA Still Life Scholarship (tenable in 1901). Participant in a national competition illustrating New Zealand poetry. Awarded an Art Class Teachers Certificate and a First Class Certificate for Drawing from Life.	1922	painting and studying gallery collections. In November, the Kellys travel to Toulon and Naples, then home to NZ via South Africa. On 5 January the Kellys arrive at		Birmingham. Invited to exhibit at Royal West of England Academy (RWEA). Begins exhibiting at Royal Scottish Academy (RSA) with a portrait, 'Rima' (Cat.14)
1901	Awarded CSA bronze medal for Head from Life. CCSA prize for Drawing from		Wellington on board 'Ulimaroa' after a stormy passage across the Tasman. On 11 January they are interviewed	1938	Awarded CBE for Services to Art. Exhibits at RA and RWEA.
4000	the Full Figure. Begins on the staff of CCSA as a student assistant teacher of Drawing and Painting classes.		by the 'Lyttelton Times' about their trip. They return to live at 97 Cambridge Tce, but later in the year	1939	In January, the portrait 'Lorna' is chosen for the cover of the Danish magazine 'Tidius Koinder', Portraits shown at RA, Salon Paris, RSA and RWEA.
1902	Awarded a silver medal for Study of a Head from Life and Colour in the annual CSA student competitions.		moved to first floor flat at 245 Montreal St. 'Arabesque' (Cat.6).is exhibited at CSA annual exhibition.	1940	Portrait of Professor James Park purchased for the National Portrait
1903	23 March elected a Working Member of the CSA.	1924	Begins the first of a number of portrait commissions for individuals and		Gallery, Edinburgh. Exhibits at RA for last time. Works are included in the National Centennial Exhibition of New
1904	Begins exhibiting at CSA annual exhibitions. Leaves the staff of CCSA at the end of term III.		families in Canterbury society. Sends work to British Empire Exhibition, Wembley, London, with	1941	Zealand Art Wellington. Shows mostly landscapes in CSA annual exhibition. Painting mostly landscapes.
1905	4 February gives notice that she is	1025	other Canterbury artists.	1942	Portrait 'Lorna' exhibited at RSA.
	commencing classes in drawing and painting at her studio, at first in the AMP	1925	Becomes a member of National Art Association of New Zealand.	1943	Continues to paint local landscape. Paints portrait of D.G. Sullivan (Cat.22)
1006/07	building on Thursdays and Saturdays then at 318 Hereford Street.	1926	Paints 'Youth' (Cat.8), a portrait of Roma Carey, that is exhibited at CSA annual exhibition in 1927.	1945	Has several paintings included in 'British Art Today' exhibition which opens in
1906/07	Exhibits six works at New Zealand International Exhibition. Awarded two silver medals for Modelling and a gold for Drawing and Painting from Nature.	1927	Among the works exhibited are portraits of Cecil Kelly (Cat.7) Archibald Nicoll, and Dr J. McMillan	40.00	London, Blackpool, Bolton, and Lincoln. On 3 December, proposed for election to Royal Society of Portrait Painters.
	Employed part-time at CCSA.		Brown.	1946	Dies 4 October.



Catalogue

- (1) Self Portrait Relief c1901 Plaster 335 x 422mm Private collection, Christchurch.
- (2) Untitled (Laura) c1902
 Plaster 600 x 420 x 330mm
 Private collection, Christchurch
 Laura Abbott was the artist's younger
 sister.
- (3) Diana c1911
 Oil on canvas 670 x 520mm
 Robert McDougall Art Gallery collection
 Exhibited at the Canterbury Society of Arts,
 1912 and purchased for its permanent
 collection.
- (4) Winter c1914
 Oil on canvas 440 x 490mm
 Private collection, Christchurch
 Exhibited at the Canterbury Society
 of Arts. 1915.
- (5) Kathleen Penney (Mrs Harwood) c1915 Oil on canvas 930 x 760mm Private collection, Christchurch.
- (6) Arabesque c1922 Oil on canvas 616 x 511mm Hocken Library, University of Otago collection. Exhibited at Canterbury Society of Arts, 1922.
- (7) Portrait of Cecil F Kelly c1925 Oil on canvas 767 x 630mm Robert McDougall Art Gallery collection Exhibited at the Canterbury Society of Arts, 1925.
- (8) Youth c1926 Oil on canvas 913 x 718mm Robert McDougall Art Gallery collection Exhibited at the Canterbury Society of Arts and purchased for its permanent collection, 1927.

- (9) Frederika Ballin (Mrs Henry Crust) c1928 Oil on canvas 915 x 713mm Robert McDougall Art Gallery collection Presented by Mrs E.Myers, 1973 Exhibited at the Canterbury Society of Arts 1929 in the Paris Salon, 1932 and the Royal Cambrian Society, 1933.
- (10) Edith May c1932
 Oil on canvas 915 x 715mm
 Dunedin Public Art Gallery collection
 Exhibited in the Paris Salon, 1934
 (awarded a silver medal).
- (11) Miss Helen Buchanan c1932
 Oil on canvas 915 x 750mm
 Private collection, Christchurch.
 Exhibited in the Paris Salon, 1933 and
 Royal Academy, London, 1936
 Walker's Galleries London 1936.
- (12) Self Portrait 1933 Oil on canvas 1025 x 760mm Otago Art Society collection.
- (13) Miss Ward Smith 1933
 Oil on canvas 997 x 680mm
 Robert McDougall Art Gallery collection
 Exhibited at the Canterbury Society of
 Arts 1933.
- (14) Rima 1934
 Oil on canvas 760 x 637mm
 University of Canterbury School of Fine
 Arts Collection. Exhibited at Walker's
 Galleries, London, 1936, and Royal
 Scottish Academy, Edinburgh, 1937.
- (15) Toi Toi Hinetauhara c1934
 Oil on canvas 915 x 715mm
 Robert McDougall Art Gallery collection
 Exhibited in the Paris Salon, 1935.
- (16) Self Portrait c1934
 Oil on canvas 668 x 511mm
 Hocken Library, University of
 Otago collection.

- (17) Portrait of Cecil F Kelly c1934
 Oil on canvas 650 x 520mm
 Hocken Library, University of Otago collection.
- (18) Portrait in Blue and Silver
 (Margaret Hatherley) c 1935
 Oil on canvas 993 x 740mm
 Robert McDougall Art
 Gallery collection.
 Exhibited in the Paris Salon, 1936 and
 Canterbury Society of Arts,1938,
 New Zealand. Academy of Fine Arts, 1939
 Otago Art Society, 1939, and the
 International and New Zealand
 Exhibition 1939.
- (19) Margaret c1935
 Oil on canvas 895 x 698mm
 Robert McDougall Art Gallery collection.
- (20) Mrs Margaret Hight c1939
 Pastel 380 x 280mm
 Robert McDougall Art Gallery collection
 presented by Mrs E.O'Malley, 1987.
- (21) Joy 1940 Oil on canvas 1110 x 830mm Private collection, Christchurch.
- (22) Joan Cunningham c1934 Pastel 545 x 445mm Private collection, Christchurch.
- (23) Portrait of D G Sullivan c1943
 Oil on canvas 1020 x 768mm
 Robert McDougall Art Gallery collection
 Presented by Cecil Kelly 1949. Exhibited
 at the New Zealand Academy of Fine Arts
 Wellington, 1943 and Canterbury Society
 of Arts, 1944.
 D.G. Sullivan (1882 1947) was a Mayor
 of Christchurch from 1931 1936 and a
 Labour Member of Parliament.

Acknowledgments

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The Press, 7 October 1946, p2

Cover - Blue and Silver, (Portrait of Margaret Hatherley), oil on canvas, Robert McDougall Art Gallery.



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